

ENaC alpha Monoclonal Antibody

ORDERING INFORMATION

Catalog No.	Clone No.	MAb Subtype	Size
11574	14E10	IgG1	100ug

Format: Protein G-purified antibody in PBS, pH 7.4, 50% glycerol, 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 1mg/ml

BACKGROUND

The epithelial sodium channel (ENaC) is a membrane-bound ion-channel that is selectively permeable to Na⁺ ions and that is assembled as a heterotrimer composed of three homologous subunits α , β , and γ . It is involved primarily in the reabsorption of sodium ions in the collecting ducts of the kidney's nephrons. These channels mediate the first step of active sodium reabsorption essential for the maintenance of body salt and water homeostasis. In vertebrates, the channels control reabsorption of sodium in kidney, colon, lung and sweat glands; they also play a role in taste perception.

SPECIFICATION SUMMARY

Antigen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to N-terminal aa 46-68 of rat ENaC alpha.

Host Species: Mouse

Gene ID: 25122

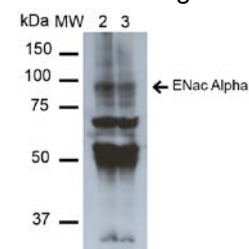
Accession No.: NP_113736

Swiss Prot: Q6IRJ1

Specificity: Mouse and rat ENaC alpha

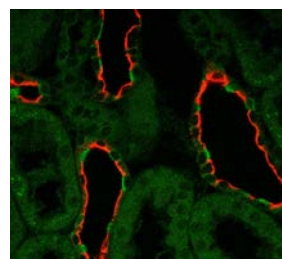
APPLICATIONS

Immunoblotting



Detection of ~85kDa ENaC alpha with #11574 at 1ug/ml.

Immunofluorescence:



Detection of ENaC alpha (green) in paraffin-embedded, formalin-fixed rat kidney with #11574 at 10ug/ml.

These are recommended concentrations. Endusers should determine optimal concentrations for their applications.

DILUTION INSTRUCTIONS

Dilute in PBS or medium that is identical to that used in the assay system.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

This antibody is stable for at least one (1) year at -20°C. Store product in appropriate aliquots to avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

For in vitro investigational use only. Not for use in therapeutic or diagnostic procedures.